TIMES-VIRGINIAN

IN THE HEART OF THE DARK TOBACCO BELT

APPOMATTOX, VIRGINIA

ESTABLISHED 1892

CALVIN H. ROBINSON ..... EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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Editorial Comment

WITH OTHER EDITORS

PART-TIME FARMING

From New York Times

Many veterns have expressed an interest in part-time farms. Conversely, the number who have indicated a desire for full-time farming is less than was expected. The trend toward decentralization of population has continued through the war years. A survey in Masschusett's shows that the state now has 73,000 part- time enterprises and 18,000 full - time farms. Reports from real estate agents over the nation indicate that in all sections there is a strong demand for small acreage home steads where the owner can combine some farming with city working. Something of this sort developed momentum after the First World War. It was accelerated during the depression years and continued during the second great war. Now it is in high gear. Many of the veterans and the older workers remember the insecurity of the early Thirties. The first group can obtain Government assistance in buying homes; the second group has capital for home purchase. Both will benefit from the advice of state and federal agencies in choosing the right small farm.

The experts point out that part-time farmers should choose carefully. The list of desirable facors includes: location on a hard road, a reasonable distance for travel, availability of electricity, good soil, and a house that is in fair condition. Country living plus city work will become an increasingly important way of life for many families in the years ahead.

BETTER EDUCATION CHANCE

From Peninsula Enterprise

One of the important changes in American life during recent years has been the increased educational advantages given to the majority of boys and girls. There was a time when the majority of them were satisfied if they completed what was called a grammar school course. Still in many localities of the country, a great many have not gone beyond the fourth or fifth grades of school.

The industrial depression of the thirties had one favorable effect, in that it induced many young people to stay on in school or college because they could not find work.

The increased incomes of millions of families have now put it in the power of many to keep their children longer in school, and will help many to take a course in some college or technical school. It would seem likely that the great majority of families would now wish their boys and girls to have at least a high school course, or an equal amount of schooling in some vocational institution. People who have had no great success in life are at least anxious that their children should have a better chance, and they can see that education gives that chance.

There will be many boys and girls who have no special liking for book study, who will be keen to leave school rather early, and go to work and earn money. Many communities will be able to provide courses in trade and vocational education by which such ones can get a better start in work or business, and yet continue to study useful subjects.

The better educated young people of the present and future years will have greater intelligence in facing the problems of civic and business, and are also more likely to find wise solutions of the problems of citizenship and politics.

MR. MAY'S OPPORTUNITY

From The Charlottesville Daily Progress

Representative Andrew J. May, of Kentucky, chairman of the House Military Committee, has denied any wrongdoing or impropriety in his relations with the munitions combine now under Senate committee investigation, or in his intercessions with the War Department in behalf of arms contracts for members of the combine.

He entered such a denial in a statement which he made voluntarily and not under oath before a secret meeting of the committee weeks ago, and he has vigorously defended himself on the floor of the House.

What we find difficult to understand is why Mr. May, if his conscience is as clear as he declares it to be, does not demand that he be given the opportunity to testify under oath before the committee and submit to cross - examination. Testimony of War Department officials, Army officers and committee investigators has brought him under suspicion. It appears that by virtue of his constitutional immunity as a member of Congress he cannot be summoned by the committee. But a number of its members have indicated that they would like to hear him. He would appear in a better light before his colleagues in Congress, his constituents and the country at large if he asked the committee to give him an opportunity to tell his side of the story.

RACE FOR NEW WEAPONS

From The Blackstone Courier-Record

What will the next war involve in the way of new weapons of destruction?

No answer can be given, and there is every reason to use caution when reading the predictions of so-called experts, who glibly tell us that nations will be destroyed almost instantaneously.

At the same time, there is a feverish race to develop new weapons. The development of atomic missiles engages the scientists of this country, and, we presume, of other nations.

Recently, Col. S. B. Ritchie, acting Chief of the Army's Research and Development Service, talked about guided missiles, which could be fired from the United States and hit any part of the world within an hour. He did not predict such a weapon, but said we cannot discount "the possibility of launching from underground cave loads of atomic retribution for delivery in an hour on any enemy in any part of the globe."

The Colonel also said that the Army has another class of weapon in mind, a missile which could be fired on the American coast at any approaching ship and hit it hundreds of miles at sea. The missile will have to direct itself for hundreds of miles and also travel so fast and so high that ships will have no defense against it.

Summing up the Army's thinking, the Colonel said that present contracts make the "Buck Rogers myth a reality."

BIRDS OF THE SEA

From Winchester Star

Ornithologists in England protested the royal navy's announced intention of blowing up the German island fortress of Helgoland. Migratory birds, they say, will suffer. A senior naval officer replied with this statement, "I can only assure them that when we have finished it will be the wonderful bird sanctuary - nothing but a pile of rocks."

Helgoland was a German fleet and submarine lair for 50 years. According to the treaty of Versailles, the kaiser's naval base there was to be destroyed, and the Germans submitted a solemn report to the Allied authorities soon afterward that the demolitration had duly taken place.

Somewhere in the years between the two world wars, those fortifications reappeared and no one seemed to know nor care much. But the world soon identified the migratory birds that issued forth from the island in Hitler's war as submarines and raiding planes and ships - dark buzzards of prey.

Now this refuge for the scavengers of the sea is to be destroyed. On the rocks that jut out of the cold waters of the North Sea, marking where Helgoland once existed, birds of peace will alight and take rest. They will be able to hatch their young from nests untorched by a German war brood.

EQUAL FACTORS

From The New England Journal of Medicine, Boston

In any broad concept of matters pertaining to national health, many factors have an equal, if not greater, influence than has medical care. These include good wages, a high standard of living, adequate housing and transportation facilities, and a public well educated concerning proper diets, methods of preventative medicine, and means of obtaining medical care. Although the lack of one or more of these factors renders the success of any system of medical care ques ionable, if not impossible, they have received little consideration by those clamoring for compulsory health insurance.

British loan passes both houses of congress. Britain may draw on it this month.

Paris breaks records in celebration of Bastille day.

Atomis group begins draft of an UN treaty.

Terrorism to regiment the Japs is charged.

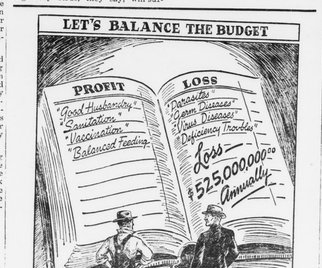
Senator Mitchell asks for testimony from Congressman May.

23 injured in derailment of fast train in Pennsylvania.

Uncle Sam Says

United States Savings Bonds are patriotic bonds because your country is still fighting enemy forces which can do to you what the Nazis and Japs were unable to accomplish. This enemy is inflation—run-away prices which can wreck you and your country. Every bond you buy today still serves your country because your continued investment in bonds keeps your dollars in a safe place and out of competition for the still scarce consumer goods.

U. S. Treasury Department



"He ain't blind . . . he just don't give a hoot!"

Communication

Hon. Harry Flood Byrd, who ably represented his Senatorial District in the Senate of Virginia, and from 1926 to 1930 was the progressive, efficient, economical governor of Virginia, and since 1935 has been Virginia's U. S. Senator, and by his ability, energy and economy has brought himself to the forefront in American statesmanship, is being opposed by one Martin A. Hutcheson, who is very little known to the rank and file of the Virginia voters, but well known to the crowd around capita hill, as he served as Secretary of the Commonwealth by appointment of Harry Flood Byrd until that office was abolished under Byrd's re-organization program of economy. He was also Secretary to the State Democratic committee. Why did Mr. Hutcheson wait until he wanted office to open such a tirade against the machine, which he had helped establish, and harmoniously work with as long as he could hold office of emolument. The platform of Mr. Hutcheson, the self-constituted guardian of the people's righ's in Virginia, recently published in the papers, was read carefully with an eager desire to find something constructively that would give a good reason for changing senator, but he seemed unable to bring out anything worth while that could not be accomplished just as easy with the present outfit. Mr. Hutcheson says he wants the majority to rule, but seems to think a great crime was committed when the so called short ballot was adopted, that was put to a vote of the people, and they voted a good majority in favor of it. Is he satisfied with majority rule? No, not unless the majority vote as he wishes. But where is there room for the short ballot issue in this campaign; he seems to want to confuse the people by making state issues with the senatorial race. He charges that Virginia is very backward in education as well as in other lines, (which I think is not near so deplorable as he pictures them); which he charges to Senator Byrd's machine. Why did he not call to the attention of Mr. Byrd and the people these needed reforms while he was so closely associated with the Byrd machine, and while Byrd was governor and in a position to have something done to correct these evils that he says the machine-ridden Virginians were afflicted with. He seemed perfectly satisfied with Byrd-machine rule as long as he was on the state pay roll, but when economy dashed his unnecessary office off the pay roll, and he wants to run for another office, he reaches back to the past and pulls up any thing he thinks will help pave a smooth road for him to travel to office on. "Let not your left hand know what your right hand doeth." Mr. Hutcheon says Mr. Byrd does not represent the people of Virginia, "who made their judge", in he election of 1940 Byrd led the Democratic ticket in the state of Va. by 40,000 votes, pretty good evidence the people were satisfied with his leadership. He charges him with being the leader of the machine; nobody denies that, and I suppose he is proud to be called head of an organization that has so handled the affairs of the party as to hold the confidence of the voters that they give an overwhelming majority in every election, and giving the majorities they do, proves that they have a large majority of the best people of Virginia with them. He says he has no slush fund and has no franking privileges. Does he charge Mr. Byrd with using his franking privilege to further his political campaign? He says he is not the proprietor of a well-financed troupe of politicians, like those roaming the state in the interest of his opponent. Surely he does not expect Byrd to turn his back on them, when he recently said that any candidate who willfully turns his back upon any group or organization, labor or church, business or civic, thereby limits and restricts his ability fairly to represent all the people. Of course he would not turn his back on the troupe of politicians he claims is roaming the state for Byrd; what is giving him the most concern, and what he would be delighted to reverse if they are for Byrd instead of Hutcheson. In commenting upon Byrd's desire to economize, he names several good agencies set up in the last few years, and asks if we would vote to abolish them, but failed to name many that represent extravanence. The latter are the ones Byrd is for abolishing. While Byrd is for economy, he stood firmly, regardless of cost, for all the administrations policies that would help the boys win the fight for democracy. While Mr. Hutcheson is trying to make the people think he is independent of any organization, all intelligent people who are posted, well know he has the enthusiastic support of John L. Lewis' following, who, while most of the country was sacrificing, having as their first thought the welfare of the soldier boys and quickest end of the war, Lewis' following had as their first thought their pocket books, and took advantage of the situation and struck for higher wages, prolonging the struggle, thereby adding more tomb stones to our cemeteries in foreign lands and making more vacant chairs in many homes in this country. Mr. Hutcheson tries mightily hard to absolve himself of any association with the C.I.O.-P.A.C., but that is about as hard to do as to rub the spo's off a leopard, or the cloud off the moon, for that crowd has boasted of having millions of dollars to spend in the South to defeat every senator and congressman who had failed to vote to suit them, and headed their purge list with the name of Harry Flood Byrd. In his speech at Charlotte C. H. recently he charged that whenever there was a judge to be elected in Virginia that Senator Byrd would come down to Richmond and dictate to the legislature who they should elect. State Senator Moses answered that he had been in the senate 11 years and that Senator Byrd had never mentioned to him the subject of the election of a judge; but for the sake of argument, grant that Byrd is responsible for their appointments, can any charge be brought against any of them that would lower the high standard of the Virginia Judiciary? If no charge, then Senator Byrd should be commended instead of censured. Beware of a man who, for want of political material, will try to ride into office on the deeds of his opponents and in this case the demerits of his opponent, added to his own merits will not build a road enough to lay him to rest to Washington. At Charlotte C.H. recently he made some promises as to what he would do if he got to the senate, and added, that he believed he was going. After the 6 h. of August I expect to find him in the class a Northerner was in when the Civil War was brewing in 1861. A Northern general flippantly remarked that he could take 10,000 men around with staves and march into Richmond. General Winfield Scott, who had commanded the Virginia soldiers in Mexico and knew well of the human material from which the Virginia soldier was carved, answered, yes, you can march there with staves, but you will march there as prisoners of war. Mr. Hutcheson and many others may go to the Senate, but not as senator, but just as private spectators.

W. S. Walton.

Appomattox, Va., July 12, 1946.

(Editor's note: We reserve the right to condense communications to not over 200 words, and to edit

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSONS

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D.D., Of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. Released by Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for J

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JESUS AND TRU

LESSON TEXT—Deuteronomy 30:15-20; 31:19-24; Isaiah 42:20, 21; John 8:31-36.

MEMORY SELECTION—And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free.—John 8:32.

The one true God desires the wholehearted obedience of men. The second commandment, which we studied last week, and every other one of the ten, requires exclusive worship.

It really means as much to the life of a man to have sincerity and truth, as it does to have worthwhile faith in his Creator.

I. Worship Balanced (Deut. 8:11-14).

Prosperity is usually considered to be a blessing. We hear much about poverty. The people of Moses warned his people that prosperity was dangerous, not because material things have the power to so satisfy the desires of men as to keep them from getting the spiritual needs of life, but because prosperity usually brings with it a corresponding decrease in the sense of need. Life values are weighed in terms of silver, wheat and other things that are viewed in the light of this world.

Worship of God was the center around which the life of Israel was to be built. Nothing was to be allowed to come into the precious relationship that would be apt to think of anything as their own God.

II. Worship Protected (Deut. 8:19-20).

One of the most natural mistakes of life is the tendency to be the maker of his own fortune. God can give more than hand and heart, He can give mind, which brings to mind and then he can enlist the whole of God's resources in the transaction.

This fallacy of human arrogance, and he begins to think that he is very powers he uses are the result of his own ingenuity in the gods of this world, and in this way leads only to disaster, and ultimately to spiritual death.

How is man to be saved from this awful destruction? Only by a right relationship between master and servant, worshiper and worshiped, and in the keeping of which we find deliverance from the dangers of self-confidence and from the judgment that follows (Deut. 8:19-20).

We who are believers in Christ are under the new covenant. If we have been redeemed we have the promise of God of have eternal life. It is perfectly clear that it is possible for a Christian to so forget God and live in enmant with the Lord that fellowship and joy are completely lost, and fruitfulness is impossible.

III. Worship Rewarded (Isa. 40:30, 31).

The Christian life is not a life of ease. It is a life of conflict. Nothing worth while is ever easily won. Nothing that is of real value to one is free. Afterthought, it is a life of victory. But is it easy? There is no such thing as victory without conflict. The provision by God for victory is sufficient, but we are needed to live a life of faith and exultant as that of the eagle. That power is available to those who "wait upon the Lord."

It is taken for granted that those who are old may grow weary and faint, but the fact that the youth have the same experience.

We, leaders in the church, parents, are apt to forget that youth is often a time of fainting. The young man or woman must make the choices of life, the ideals which will determine the future. Too often youth is misled and without the guidance of real faith in God, make wrong choices and winds up in disappointment.

Only God is sufficient for the needs of our young people. He is sufficient. Let us teach our children to wait on the Lord.

IV. Worship Commanded (Mark 12:28-34).

Here was a man, who by his testimony of Jesus was not far from the kingdom of God. He was near to a full decision to accept Christ. He knew the truth, but he did not feel the power which he knew it to possess. He missed the greatest blessed conclusion.

It is terrifying to think that a man can come to the very edge of eternal life, and yet miss it altogether. It prompts the question, Why? The Bible notes to ask you, I ask you earnestly, Have you missed eternal life through indifference? "Almost" will not get you there. Almost saved—and lost.

The true nature of the matter is revealed in this lesson. Dependence on God and obedience to God's commandments in all circumstances will bring him as the one who is the source of every need, spiritual and material. We accord to him complete satisfaction when we withhold our allegiance from our fellow men and from him!

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THE GENERAL SAYS:

OUR PRE-FACTORY REPAIR METHOD REBUILDS TIRES

...ONEWALL

...onewall, July 16.- Our community was saddened by the death ...our mail carrier, Mr. Minter, ...was killed in a plane wreck on ...Saturday. We extend sympa... to his loved ones.

...Mr. Thomas and son, of ...ksley, have arrived by plane ...spend the summer with her par... Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Stratton.

...The Stonewall home demonstra... club met in the home of Mrs. ...L. Turner last Thursday, with ... attendance.

...Rev. W. A. Clark preached at ... Church last Sunday. He and ... Clark were dinner guests of ... and Mrs. C. M. Caldwell.

...and Mrs. Henry Beard and ...Lawrence, of Appomattox, ...dinner guests of her par... Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Chick on ...day.

...and Mrs. Orange Burnett, ...Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bur... and son, Joe, Jr., of Lynch... Miss Nadine Burnett, of ...College and Audrey Burnett, ...of Roanoke spent the week... with Mr. and Mrs. J. Rufus ...

...RICHWOOD

Richwood, July 17.- Those calling in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Woodrow Fleshman last Wednesday evening were J. H. Fleshman and son, J. H. Jr., Mrs. D. A. Pugh and Pattie Marsh, J. H. Ranson and sons, Emory and Winston, and Mrs. Nora Meadows.

G. P. Brannan visited Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Pugh spent Sunday in Lynchburg visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Pugh spent Sunday in Lynchburg visiting relatives.

G. W. Wooldridge, Miss Stella Wooldridge, Franklin D. Cawthorne and Miss Lucy Eagles called at the homes of Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Wooldridge and Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Pugh Sunday evening.

Mrs. W. W. Fleshman spent Saturday afternoon with Mrs. D. A. Pugh.

Miss Mary Fore and Miss Myrna Beaze called in the home of Mr. and Mrs. D.A. Pugh Tuesday morning.

G. P. Brannan was in Brookneal Monday on business.

J. Cordell, of Tennessee has bought the farm known as the "Old Fox Place."

Herbert Lee has sold his property on the highway to his brother, Walter, who will remodel and extend the present house and move in in November.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Powell were in Lynchburg Wednesday.

We welcome the new arrival to Richwood, Katherine Ann, 7 pound daughter, born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Goosey.

Mrs. Carter Martin is at home again after spending an enjoyable vacation at Virginia Beach.

...ROCKS NEWS

Rocks, July 15.- Miss Annie C. Martin returned from Massanetta Springs last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James R. Taylor and children called on see Cassie and A. A. Baldwin awhile Monday afternoon.

Mrs. C. S. Ranson is still going to Lynchburg to see a doctor about her hand.

Mrs. W. F. Ranson spent last week a Maloney with her daughter, Mrs. C. M. Evans.

C. S. Ranson was helping Emory and Wiley Ranson get their truck fixed Tuesday afternoon.

Ryland Taylor celebrated his 9th birthday last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Almond, of Lynchburg called to see his parents Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Tinsley, of Logan, W.Va. were visiting her uncle and neice, A. A. Baldwin and Cassie Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. L. E. Dickerson, who has been suffering with a carbuncle is able to be out again.

A B. T. U. group meeting was held at Rocks last Friday night, with good attendance. Mrs. Toby Ingle is group leader.

Quite a number from Rocks went to Evergreen Saturday night to hear Rev. Omar Burnette.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Almond, who have been visiting his parents for some time, have moved into their home in Appomattox.

Mr. and Mrs. Rueben Garrette and family, of Madison Heigh's, spent Sunday with Mrs. W.F. Ranson.

The quarterly business meeting will be held at the church Saturday July 20, at 2:30 P. M. All members are urged to be present.

James Roosevelt urges defeat of Senator Wheeler.

Phone 30 with Personals.

Nazis were working on a super bomber capable of blasting New York.

The KEENER the Eye The QUICKER the Hand

Consult your EYE PHYSICIAN Then see your GUILD OPTICIAN

GUILD OPTICIANS

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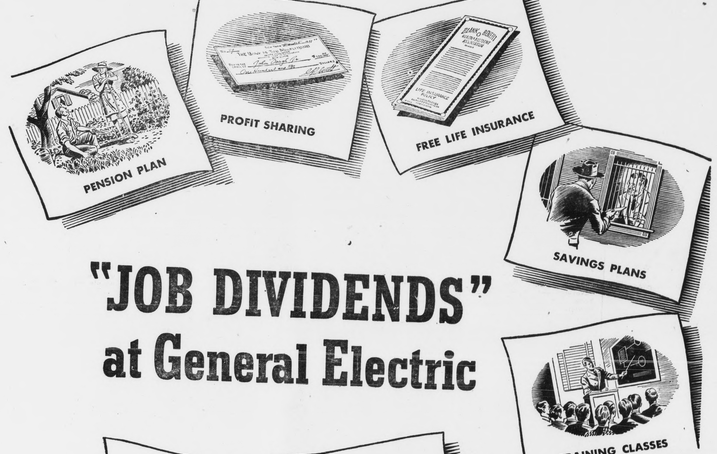

"JOB DIVIDENDS" at General Electric

For the year 1945, $35,000,000 in addition to wages was spent by General Electric in extra benefits for employees

It isn't a new thing for General Electric to put more than money into pay envelopes for its employees.

"Job dividends"—these extras that G-E employees get *in addition to wages*—have a sound business reason. To be successful, a company must be efficient. A man with fewer worries can produce more efficiently, which makes further benefits possible.

Profit-sharing plans, relief and loan plans began over 10 years ago at General Electric. Life insurance for employees, cash for suggestions began over 20 years ago. Pension plans were started 33 years ago. And vacations with pay began 53 years ago.

Every employee has a stake in the future of General Electric. For out of its success—and only out of success—can come further advances in living standards. That is the aim of General Electric, not alone for its employees, but for the public, who gain by new and better products, continuously improved.

GENERAL ELECTRIC